HANOI SOAP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

No: 98 /XPHN-TCKT

Hanoi, date 18 month 4 year 2025

About: Explanation of loss in the first quarter of 2025 and difference in profit after tax compared to the same period in 2024

To: HANOI STOCK EXCHANGE

Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company would like to sincerely thank the Department for supporting and helping us in the past time.

Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company would like to explain the loss in the first quarter of 2025 and the reason for the difference in profit after tax compared to the same period last year as follows:

The Company's production and business situation in the first quarter of 2025 generally still faces many difficulties in finding consumption markets, leading to low sales volume. In addition, the price of input materials fluctuates abnormally due to the impact of tariffs in the world, causing revenue to not cover costs.

Revenue in the first quarter of 2025 decreased compared to the first quarter of 2024. Selling expenses and administrative expenses in the first quarter of 2025 increased compared to the first quarter of 2024. Profit in the first quarter of 2025 lost 2,062 million VND compared to the first quarter of 2024 lost 1,505 million VND, increasing the loss to 557 million VND.

By this document, Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company would like to explain to Hanoi Stock Exchange.

Thank you very much!

Recipient:

- As above

- Save: Office, financial accounting

DIRECTOR
CÔNG TY
CỔ PHẦN
XÀ PHÒNG
HÀ NỘI
EE Việt Phuong

HANOI SOAP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: 233B Nguyen Trai, Thanh Xuan, Hanoi

Tel: 0438587051

Fax: 0438584486

Model No.: B01a - DN

(Promulgated under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance

MID-YEAR BALANCE SHEET

Quarter I year 2025 At March 31, 2025

ASSET	Code	Comment	Number at the end of quarter	Number at the beginning of the year
1	2	3	4	5
A- SHORT-TERM ASSETS (100=110+120+130+140+150)	100		40,749,447,823	40,049,592,624
A- SHORT-TERM ASSETS (100=110+120+130+140+150)	110	VI.1	1,802,638,455	1,761,233,129
1. Money	111		1,802,638,455	1,761,233,129
2. Cash equivalents	112		-	
11. Short-term financial investments	120	VI.2	15,000,000,000	16,000,000,000
Trading securities	121		-	-
2. Provision for trading securities price decline	122		-	-
3. Invest to hold until maturity	123		15,000,000,000	16,000,000,000
III, Short-term receivables	130		6,627,482,341	4,849,587,544
1. Short-term receivables of customers	131	VI.3	13,886,364,257	13,510,913,249
2. Upfront payment to short-term sellers	132		2,887,058,333	1,644,547,127
3. Short-term internal receivables	133		-	-
4. Receivable according to the construction contract plan schedule	134			
5. Short-term loan receivables	135		-	-
6. Other short-term receivables	136	VI.4	5,634,866,508	5,474,933,925
7. Provision for short-term bad receivables	137	VI.3	(15,780,806,757)	(15,780,806,757)
8. Pending Missing Assets	139		140	
IV. Inventory	140	VI.6	16,513,569,753	16,069,377,379
I. Inventory	141		21,809,924,536	21,576,537,289
2. Provision for inventory price reduction	149		(5,296,354,783)	(5,507,159,910)
V. Other short-term assets	150	VI.12	805,757,274	1,369,394,572
1. Short-term upfront costs	151		-	562,216,558
2. Deductible VAT	152		(1,420,740)	
3. Taxes and other amounts receivable by the State	153		807,178,014	807,178,014
4. Repurchase and sale of government bonds	154			
5. Other short-term assets	155		-	
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS (200=210+220+230+240+250+260)	200		108,444,307,094	107,919,315,928
I. Long-term receivables	210		0	0
1. Long-term receivables of customers	211		=	-
2. Upfront payment for long-term sellers	212		-	(100
3. Business capital of affiliated units	213		-	i -
4. Long-term internal receivables	214		-	-
5. Long-term loan receivables	215		-	
6. Other long-term receivables	216			
7. Provision for long-term bad receivables	219			Yes
II. Fixed assets	220		26,877,718,271	27,669,592,878
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	VI.7	26,877,718,271	27,669,592,878
- Historical cost	222		122,048,204,256	122,922,689,570
- Cumulative wear value	223		(95,170,485,985)	(95,253,096,692)
2. Fixed assets leased finance	224		0	0
- Historical cost	225		-	1/2
- Cumulative wear value	226		•	. <u> </u>
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	VI.8	0	0
- Historical cost	228		278,323,000	278,323,000

- Cumulative wear value	229		(278,323,000)	(278,323,000)
III. Investment real estate	230	_	0	0
- Historical cost	231		-	, -
- Cumulative wear value	232		-	-
IV. Long-term unfinished assets	240		0	0
Long-term unfinished production and business expenses	241		-	-
Expenses for unfinished capital construction	242		-	, -
V. Long-term financial investment	250	VI.2	71,250,000,000	71,250,000,000
1. Invest in subsidiaries	251			-
Invest in successful 2. Investment in associate companies or joint ventures	252		- 1	_
3. Investing in capital contribution to other units	253		71,250,000,000	71,250,000,000
4. Long-term financial investment provisions	254		-	
5. Investment held to maturity	255		-	-
VI. Other long-term assets	260	VI.9	10,316,588,823	8,999,723,050
1. Long-term upfront costs	261		10,316,588,823	8,999,723,050
2. Deferred income tax assets	262			-
3. Long-term equipment, supplies and spare parts	263			-
4. Other long-term assets	268		-	100
5. Goodwill Advantage	269		-	
TOTAL ASSETS(270=100+200)	270		149,193,754,917	147,968,908,552
FUNDING	270		-	-
C. LIABILITIES(300=310+330)	300		6,715,128,012	3,428,412,207
I. Short-term debt	310		6,715,128,012	3,428,412,207
Must be paid to short-term sellers	311	VI.10	3,145,035,747	1,341,512,460
2. Short-term upfront buyer	312	VI.11	1,852,313,109	34,264,109
3. Taxes and amounts payable to the state	313	VI.12	48,446,081	246,076,973
4. To pay employees	314		564,356,201	969,189,523
5. Short-term expenses	315	VI.13	618,493,649	349,652,153
6. Short-term internal payments	316		-	-
7. To be paid according to the schedule of the construction contract	317		**	2
8. Short-term unrealized revenue	318		-	
	319	VI.14	469,030,982	470,264,746
9. Other short-term payables	320	7.1.1		
10. Short-term financial lease loans and debts	321		-	
11. Short-term payable provisions	322		17,452,243	17,452,243
12. Welfare reward fund	323		17,102,210	-
13. Price Stabilization Fund	324		-	-
14. Repurchase and sale of government bonds	330	VI.14	0	0
II. Long-term debt	331	V 1.157	-	
Must be paid to long-term sellers	332		_	
2. Long-term upfront buyers	333		-	-
3. Long-term expenses	334	-	-	-
4. Internal payment of business capital	335			-
5. Long-term internal payments			-	72
6. Revenue has not been realized in the long term	336			-
7. Other long-term payables	337		-	-
8. Long-term financial loans and lease debts	338		-	
9. Convertible bonds	339		-	
10. Preferred stock	340		-	
11. Deferred income tax payable	341			
12. Long-term payable provisions	342		-	
13. The Science and Technology Development Fund	343		4 40 480 707 008	144 540 407 245
D. EQUITY(400=410+430)	400	****	142,478,626,905	144,540,496,345
I. Equity	410	V.15	142,478,626,905	144,540,496,345
1. Owner's contributed capital	411		129,724,750,000	129,724,750,000
- Voting common shares	411a		100 504 550 000	100 704 750 000
- Preferred stock	411b		129,724,750,000	129,724,750,000

2. Surplus of share capital	412	99,524,000	99,524,000
3. Bond Swap Options	413	-	
4. Other capital of the owner	414	-	-
5. Treasury stocks	415	-	
6. Asset revaluation difference	416		
7. Exchange rate difference	417	m.	-
8. Development Investment Fund	418	95,572,220,798	95,572,220,798
Enterprise restructuring support fund	419	-	
10. Other funds belonging to equity	420	_	1 -
11. Undistributed after-tax profits	421	(82,917,867,893)	(80,855,998,453)
- Accumulated undistributed profit by the end of the previous period	421a	(80,855,998,453)	(73,688,583,315)
- Profits have not been distributed in this period	421b	(2,061,869,440)	(7,167,415,138)
12. Construction investment capital sources	422		-
13. Non-controlling shareholder interests	429	-	
II. Other funding sources and funds	430	0	0
1. Funding sources	431	±-	=
2. Funding sources for the formation of fixed assets	432	-	-
TOTAL FUNDING(440=300+400)	440	149,193,754,917	147,968,908,552

Ha noi, date 18 month 4 year 2025,

Prepaired by

(Signed, full name)

Nguyen Thi Hong Thuy

In charge of accounting

(Ký, họ tên)

Director

(Signed, full name, stamped)

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN

Le Manh Cuong

Le Viet Phuong

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(Promulgated under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Model number: B02a - DN Finance)

MID-YEAR BUSINESS RESULTS REPORT

Quarter I 2025

		1		•	Accumulated from the beginning of the year	beginning of the year
Item	Code	Explanat	Quarter 1	er l	to the end of this quarter	his quarter
		1011	This year	Last year	This year	Last year
	2	ယ	4	5	9	
1. Revenue from sales and service provision	01	VII.1	7,435,893,089	8,311,405,995	7,435,893,089	8,311,405,995
2. Revenue deductions	02	VII.2	7,880,903	_	7,880,903	
3. Net revenue from sales and service provision $(10 = 01 - 02)$	10		7,428,012,186	8,311,405,995	7,428,012,186	8,311,405,995
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VII.3	5,287,242,114	5,981,590,886	5,287,242,114	5,981,590,886
5. Gross profit from sales and service provision (20=10-11)	20		2,140,770,072	2,329,815,109	2,140,770,072	2,329,815,109
6. Revenue from financial activities	21	VII.4	153,939,841	262,837,393	153,939,841	262,837,393
7. Financial costs	22					
In which: Loan interest expenses	23					
8. Profit and loss in joint ventures and associates	24					
9. Selling expenses	25	VII.5	1,440,618,091	1,057,789,373	1,440,618,091	1,057,789,373
10. Business management costs	26	VII.5	2,984,463,353	2,870,926,047	2,984,463,353	2,870,926,047
11. Net profit from business activities {30=20+(21-22)+24-(25+26)}	30		(2,130,371,531)	(1,336,062,918)	(2,130,371,531)	(1,336,062,918)
12. Other incomes	31	VII.6	214,764,091	4,144,500	214,764,091	4,144,500
13. Other expenses	32	VII.7	146,262,000	172,754,865	146,262,000	172,754,865
14. Other Profits(40=31-32)	40		68,502,091	(168,610,365)	68,502,091	(168,610,365)
15. Total accounting profit before tax (50=30+40)	50		(2,061,869,440)	(1,504,673,283)	(2,061,869,440)	(1,504,673,283)
16. Current corporate income tax expenses	51					
17. Deferred corporate income tax expenses	52					
18. Profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60		(2,061,869,440)	(1,504,673,283)	(2,061,869,440)	(1,504,673,283)
18.1 Profit after tax of the parent company	61					
18.2 Profit after tax of non-controlling shareholders	62					
19. Basic earnings per share(*)	70					
20. Declining interest on stocks	71					

Prepaired by

(Signed, full name)

In charge of accounting (Signed, full name)

Ha noi, date 18 month

4 year 2025 Director

igned, full name, stamped)

Le Manh Cuong

Leviet Phuong

Nguyen Thi Hong Thuy

HANOI SOAP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: 233B Nguyen Trai Street, Thuong Dinh, Thanh Xuan, Ha Noi

Form No. B03a - DN

(Promulgated under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(By indirect method)

Quarter I of 2025

Other review in the contraction of the contraction	id corporate income tax	Interest paid on loans	Increase and decrease of trading securities	Increase and decrease in upfront costs	tax)	Increase and decrease of payables (excluding payable loan interest and payable corporate income	Increase and decrease inventory	Increase and decrease of receivables	3. Profits from business activities before the change in working capital	Other Adjustments	Interest expenses	Profits and losses from investment activities	currency origin	Gains and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign	Provisions	Depreciation of fixed assets and investment real estate	2. Adjustments to	1. Profit before tax	I. Cash flow from business activities			Item	
	15	14	13	12	11		10	09	80	07	06	05	04		03	02	•	01		2		Code	
																				3	3	Comme ntary	
1		1	ř.	(754,649,218)	OF SEC. W	3,292,482,848	(233,387,247)	(1,782,241,097)	(2,229,912,557)		The state of the s	125,372,717			(210,805,127)	(82,610,707)	(168,043,117)	(2,061,869,440)		4	rnis quarter (tnis year)		Accumulated from
•			1		346,005,728		517,557,303	(583,216,561)	(416,272,559)	1	1	262,837,393			c	825,563,331		(1,504,673,283)	- A)	5	1		
		15	14	rading securities 13 14 - 15 -	pfront costs 12 (rading securities 13 14 15 15 15	ease and decrease in upfront costs 11 (754,649,218) (200,000) (30,000) <	ease and decrease of payables (excluding payable loan interest and payable corporate income 11 2,292,482,848 2; ease and decrease in upfront costs 12 (754,649,218) ease and decrease of trading securities 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	ease and decrease inventory ease and decrease of payables (excluding payable loan interest and payable corporate income 10 233,387,247) ease and decrease of payables (excluding payable loan interest and payable corporate income 11 22,482,848 ease and decrease in upfront costs ease and decrease of trading securities 12 (754,649,218) rest paid on loans 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 17 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	case and decrease of receivables 09 (1,782,241,097) 09 case and decrease inventory 10 (233,387,247) 09 case and decrease inventory 10 (233,387,247) 09 case and decrease inventory 10 (233,387,247) 09 case and decrease of payables (excluding payable loan interest and payable corporate income loans 11 12 (754,649,218) case and decrease in upfront costs 13 13 14 - 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1 corporate income tax 15 - 1 corporate income tax 15 -	reciation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02	Idjustments to (168,043,117) 1,088,400,724 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,610,707) 825,563,33 visions 03 (210,805,127) 825,563,33 visions 03 (210,805,127) 93 ns and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign 04 125,372,717 262,837,393 rest expenses 05 125,372,717 262,837,393 125,372,717 262,837,393 rest expenses 06 125,372,717 262,837,393 125,372,717 262,837,393 rest expenses 07 08 125,372,717 262,837,393 125,272,717 262,837,393 rest expenses 08 125,372,717 262,837,393 125,272,717 262,837,393 rest expenses 09 125,372,717 262,837,393 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,559 125,272,41,097 127,272,559 127,273,273 127,273,273 127,273,273 127,273,273 127,273,273 127,273,273 </td <td>rofit before tax 01 (2,061,869,440) (1,504,673,283) dijustments to (163,043,117) 1,088,400,724 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,610,707) 825,563,33 visions 03 (210,805,127) 825,563,33 ns and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign and losses from investment activities 03 (210,805,127) 262,837,393 rest expenses 06 125,372,717 262,837,393</td> <td>ash flow from business activities 1,504,673,283 recitit before tax 01 (2,061,869,440) (1,504,673,283) recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 us and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign ency origin 04 03 (210,803,127) 825,563,331 lits and losses from investment activities 05 125,372,717 262,837,393 183,733,393 rest expenses 06 07 06 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 083,216,561 08 07,229,912,557 07 083,216,561 08 07,23,287,247 07 07,323,87,247 07,373,903 07,3738,966 07 07,3738,966 07,3738</td> <td> 2 3 4 5 </td> <td>this quarter (this previous year) Sash flow from business activities 1</td> <td> Item</td>	rofit before tax 01 (2,061,869,440) (1,504,673,283) dijustments to (163,043,117) 1,088,400,724 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,610,707) 825,563,33 visions 03 (210,805,127) 825,563,33 ns and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign and losses from investment activities 03 (210,805,127) 262,837,393 rest expenses 06 125,372,717 262,837,393	ash flow from business activities 1,504,673,283 recitit before tax 01 (2,061,869,440) (1,504,673,283) recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 recitation of fixed assets and investment real estate 02 (82,010,707) 825,563,331 us and losses on exchange rate differences due to the revaluation of monetary items of foreign ency origin 04 03 (210,803,127) 825,563,331 lits and losses from investment activities 05 125,372,717 262,837,393 183,733,393 rest expenses 06 07 06 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 083,216,561 08 07,229,912,557 07 083,216,561 08 07,23,287,247 07 07,323,87,247 07,373,903 07,3738,966 07 07,3738,966 07,3738	2 3 4 5	this quarter (this previous year) Sash flow from business activities 1	Item

Other expenses for business activities	17		1	ı
Net cash flow from business activities	20		(1,707,707,271)	(209,665,055)
II. Cash flow from investment activities				
1. Expenses for procurement and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		874,485,314	1
2. Proceeds from liquidation or sale of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		1	1
3. Expenses for loans and purchases of debt instruments of other units	23		1,000,000,000	1
4. Proceeds from recovery of loans and resale of debt instruments of other units	24		1	1
5. Expenditures on capital contribution to other units	25		ı	a
6. The money recovered from capital contribution to other units	26		1	1
7. Loan interest, dividends and profits to be distributed	27		(125,372,717)	(262,837,393)
Net cash flow from investment activities	30		1,749,112,597	(262,837,393)
III. Cash flow from financial activities				
1. Proceeds from the issuance of shares, receipt of capital contributions from owners	31		1	,
2. Return of money to owners and repurchase of shares of the issued enterprise	32		1	- 5
3. Proceeds from borrowing	33		3	- 1
4. Payment of loan principal	34		1 2	_ N
5. Payment of financial lease principal	35		1	NO
6. Dividends and profits paid to owners	36	1	-	-)
Net cash flow from financial activities	40		1	70
Net cash flow in the period $(50 = 20+30+40)$	50		41,405,326	(472,502,448)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		1,761,233,129	2,493,811,545
Effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates	61			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period $(70 = 50+60+61)$	70	VI.1	1,802,638,455	2,021,309,097

Prepaired by (Signed, full name)

In charge of accounting (Signed, full name)

Le Manh Cuong

Nguyen Thi Hong Thuy

Hà Nội, ngày 18 tháng 4 năm 2025 Director

(Signed, fall name, stamped)

eviet Phuong

Address : 233B Nguyen Trai - Thanh Xuan - Hanoi

Form No. B 09 - DN
(Promulgated under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER 1 YEAR 2025

I- CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ENTERPRISE'S OPERATION

1- Form of capital ownership: Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company is a joint-stock company established in the form of conversion from a State-owned enterprise to a joint-stock company under Decision No. 248/2003/QD-BCN dated 31/12/2003 of the Minister of Industry on the official transfer of Hanoi Soap Company under Vietnam Chemical Corporation into Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company.

time on 08/06/2022 the charter capital of the Company is 129,724,750,000 VND According to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0103006569 dated January 27, 2005 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City, amended for the 10th

On 25/11/2014, the Company's shares were listed on UpCOM - Hanoi Stock Exchange with stock code: XPH

2- Busiliess Aleas

The company operates in the field of manufacturing and trading chemicals and synthetic detergents

3- Business Scope

- Synthetic detergent manufacturing industry;
- Import and export of chemicals, supplies and synthetic detergents;
- Production and trading of cosmetics, packaging and printing labels on products;
- Trading in technological food, food, processed food;
- Office and warehouse leasing;
- Production and trading of PVC plastic construction materials, interior and exterior decoration goods, mechanical products and supplies:
- Trading in fertilizers (except for those prohibited by the State) ./.
- The factory is located at: Lot CN3.2, Thach That Industrial Park, Quoc Oai District, Hanoi City Phone: (84-24)3858 7051 Fax: (84-24) 3858 4486
- 4- Normal production and business cycle

The Company's normal production and business cycle is carried out for a period of not more than 12 months.

II- ACCOUNTING PERIODS, MONETARY UNITS USED IN ACCOUNTING

1- Accounting period

The Company's accounting period starts from 01/01 and ends on 31/12 every year

2- The currency used in accounting. In case there is a change in the monetary unit in accounting compared to the previous year, clearly explain the reason and effect of the change

Vietnamese enterprises and legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements The currency used in accounting is the Vietnamese dong ("VND"), accounting according to the principle of cost price, in accordance with accounting standards and accounting regimes of

III- APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIMES

1- Applicable accounting regime

The Company applies the Corporate Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the Corporate Accounting

Applying new accounting guidelines

New guidance on corporate accounting regime

presentation of Financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31/12/2015 of the Ministry of Finance and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated 31/12/2009 of the Ministry of Finance. The Board of Directors has applied Circular 200 in the preparation and finance commenced on or after 01/01/2015. Circular 200 replaces the regulations on enterprise accounting regime promulgated under Decision No. 15/2006/QD-BTC dated 20/03/2006 On 22/12/2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 200") guiding the accounting regime for enterprises. The Circular takes effect for the year

2- Declaration of Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Regimes

regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements. The Company's financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the current Vietnamese Accounting Regime and relevant legal

3- Applicable forms of accounting

The company applies the form of a general diary.

IV- APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES (IN CASE OF CONTINUOUS OPERATION)

- 1- Principles for conversion of financial statements made in foreign currencies to Vietnam Dong (The case of a currency recorded in accounting books is different from that of Vietnam Dong); Impacts (if any) due to the conversion of financial statements from foreign currency to Vietnamese dong
- 2- Types of exchange rates applied in accounting

The exchange rate when revaluating currency items of foreign currency origin is the exchange rate of transactions with Citibank - Hanoi Branch The exchange rate for conversion of transactions arising in the period in foreign currencies is the exchange rate with Citibank - Hanoi Branch

- The exchange rate when revaluating items of foreign currency origin classified as assets is the purchase rate of Citibank Hanoi Branch
- The revaluation rate of items of foreign currency origin classified as liabilities is the selling rate of Citibank Hanoi Branch
- 3- The principle of determining the actual interest rate (effective interest rate) is used to discount cash flows.
- I- The principle of recording amounts of money and cash equivalents.

money in transit, recorded and reported in Vietnam dong ("VND"), in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Law No. 03/2003/QH11 of June 17, 2003 and risk-free conversion into cash at the time of reporting, in accordance with the provisions of Vietnam Accounting Standard No. 24-Cash Flow Report Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a payback period of not more than 03 months from the date of investment, capable of easily converting into a sum of money accurate Cash is a general index reflecting the entire existing amount of money of the enterprise at the time of reporting, including cash at the enterprise's fund, demand bank deposits and

5- Accounting principles for financial investments

Investing in capital instruments of other units

in capital instruments of other units are reflected at historical cost Investments in capital instruments of other entities reflect capital instrument investments but the Company does not have control, co-control or have a significant influence on investments

Investments in capital instruments of other units are reflected at historical cost

accounting for nearly 3.6% of the total charter capital, the remaining capital is owned by the Company Vincom shares. According to the above investment cooperation contract, Xavinco Company. Accordingly, Real Estate Joint Stock Company Xavinco has a charter capital of VND 2000 billion, of which: Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company contributes VND 71.25 billion, Investment Cooperation Contract dated 04/05/2010 between Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Company, Vietnam Construction and Engineering Joint Stock Company and Vincom Joint Stock 21/12/2015. Xavinco Real Estate Joint Stock Company is still in the investment stage basic construction, so the Board of Directors still presents and recognizes the above investment Company. However, the majority of rights and obligations have been transferred to Xavinco Real Estate Joint Stock Company under the Investment Cooperation Contract. As of Real Estate Joint Stock Company will exploit the land area at 233 and 233B Nguyen Street Trai, Thanh Xuan District, Hanoi City, this area is in the name of Hanoi Soap Joint Stock Long-term financial investment is capital contribution investment in Xavinco Real Estate Joint Stock Company. Xavinco Real Estate Joint Stock Company was established under the capital contribution at the original price

6- Principles of accounting for receivables

receivables. Liabilities revenues are presented according to the book value minus the provisions for bad debts. Receivables are not recorded higher than the value to be recovered. Accounts receivable is the amount of money that can be recovered by customers or other objects. Accounts receivable includes customer receivables, internal receivables, and other

Other receivables include receivables of a non-commercial nature, not related to purchase and sale transactions. Customer receivables include receivables of a commercial nature, arising in the nature of purchase and sale.

A provision for bad debts shall be made for each bad debt, based on the age of the overdue debts or the expected level of possible losses Receivables are monitored in detail by each object and term, receivables and other factors according to the management needs of the enterprise

7- Principles for recording inventory:

direct labor and general production costs, to get inventory in the current location and state. The cost of inventory is determined by the average method Inventory is determined on the basis of the lower price between the original price and the net realizable value. Inventory slope price includes direct raw material costs

Net realizable value is determined by the estimated selling price minus the estimated costs of completing the product and the marketing, sales, and distribution costs incurred

Inventory accounting method: The company applies the regular declaration method

Method of making provisions for inventory price reduction: Provisions for inventory price reduction of the Company shall be set aside in accordance with current accounting regulations. inventories is higher than the net value of at the end of the fiscal year. Accordingly, the Company is entitled to permission to set up a reserve fund to reduce the price of obsolete, damaged, inferior or expired inventories and in case the original price of

- 8- Principles for recognition and depreciation of fixed assets, financial leased fixed assets and investment real estate
- 8.1 Principles of recognition and depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are recorded at historical cost, reflected on the balance sheet according to the indicators of historical cost, accumulated wear and tear and residual value

dated 22/04/2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the corporate accounting regime and Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25/04/2013 guiding the regime of management, use and depreciation fixed assets The recognition of tangible fixed assets and depreciation of fixed assets shall comply with Vietnam Accounting Standard No. 03 - Tangible fixed assets, Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC

The historical cost of procured tangible fixed assets includes the purchase price (excluding commercial discounts or discounts), taxes and expenses directly related to the delivery of

and purpose of use in the Company's production and business activities, including: The company applies the straight-line depreciation method to tangible fixed assets. Accounting for tangible fixed assets is classified according to groups of assets with the same nature

Instrument Management Equipment	Means of transport	Machinery and equipment	Houses and Architectural Objects	Asset Types
03-10	06 - 10	05 - 15	05 - 25	Depreciation period < years >

8.2 Principles of recognition and depreciation of intangible fixed assets

The Company's intangible fixed assets include websites, accounting software, and land use rights

BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the accounting regime of enterprises and Circular 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25/04/2013 guiding the regime of management, use The recognition of intangible fixed assets and depreciation of fixed assets shall comply with Vietnam Accounting Standard No. 04 - Intangible fixed assets, Circular No. 200/2014/TTand depreciation of assets fixed.

Intangible fixed assets are recorded at historical cost, reflected on the balance sheet according to historical cost indicators, accumulated wear and tear and residual value.

of use in the Company's production and business activities include: The company applies the straight-line depreciation method to intangible fixed assets. Intangible fixed assets are classified according to the group of assets of the same nature and purpose

Website Asset Types Converse	Depreciation period < years > 3
	3
Software	5
Land use rights	44

10- Principles of deferred corporate income tax accounting

9- Accounting principles for business cooperation contracts.

- 11- Principles of prepaid cost accounting. advance payments and allocated to the Statement of Business Results, using the straight-line method according to current accounting regulations. the following expenses tools. These prepaid expenses belong to current assets incurred once with a large value and long-term use time. These costs are capitalized in the form of Prepaid expenses include actual expenses that have been incurred but are related to the results of production and business activities of many accounting periods. Prepaid expenses include
- 12- Principles of accounting for liabilities. other payables. Unrecognized liabilities are lower than the obligation to pay Liabilities are payables to suppliers and other objects. Liabilities include seller payables, internal payables, and other payables. Liabilities including seller payables, internal payables, and

between the parent companies and their subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. This payable includes the payables upon import through the trustee (in the consignment import Seller payables include payables of a commercial nature arising from the purchase of goods, services, assets and the seller is an independent entity from the buyer, including payables

Other payables include payables that are not commercial in nature, not related to the purchase, sale or provision of goods and services

Accounts payable are tracked in detail by object and due date

- 13- Principles for recording loans and financial lease liabilities.
- 14- Principles for recording and capitalizing borrowing expenses
- 15- Principles for recording expenses payable
- 16- Principles and methods of recording payable provisions
- 17- The principle of recording revenue has not been implemented
- 18- Principles for recording convertible bonds
- 19- Principles of recognition of equity: Principles for recording exchange rate differences. Principles for recording asset revaluation differences. The principle of recording undistributed profits. Principles for recording the owner's contributed capital, surplus of share capital, convertible bond options, and other capital of the owner.

20- Principles and methods of revenue recognition:

The Company's revenue includes revenue from the sale of chemical products and synthetic detergents, revenue from warehouse leasing services and revenue from interest on deposits and

Sales revenue is recorded when all five (05) of the following conditions are satisfied at the same time:

- (a) The company has transferred most of the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the product or goods to the buyer
- (b) The company no longer holds the right to manage the goods like the buyer owns the goods or controls the goods;
- (c) Revenue is determined relatively certainly;
- (d) The company will gain economic benefits from the sale;
- (e) Identify costs associated with sales transactions

transaction is determined when all four (04) following conditions are satisfied: many periods, the revenue shall be recorded in the period according to the results of the completed work at the date of the balance sheet of that period. The result of the service provision Transaction revenue for the provision of services is recorded when the result of such transaction is reliably determined. In case of a transaction on the provision of services related to in

- (a) Revenue is determined relatively certainly;(b) Capable of deriving economic benefits from the transaction of providing such services;
- (c) Identify the completed work at the date of the Balance Sheet;
- (a) Determine the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction to provide such services Advance receipts of customers are not recorded as revenue in the period
- 21- Accounting principles for revenue deductions
- 22- Accounting principles for the cost of goods sold.

The cost of goods sold is recorded and aggregated according to the value and quantity of finished products, goods and supplies sold to customers, in accordance with the revenue recorded

The cost of services is recorded according to the actual costs incurred to complete the services, in accordance with the revenue recorded in the period

- 23- Financial cost accounting principles
- 24- Principles of accounting for selling expenses and business management expenses
- 25- Principles and methods of recording current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses
- 26- Other accounting principles and methods.
- V- APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES (IN CASE THE ENTERPRISE DOES NOT MEET THE ASSUMPTION OF CONTINUOUS OPERATION)
- 1- Is there a reclassification of long-term assets and long-term liabilities into short-term?
- 2- Principles for determining the value of each type of asset and liabilities (according to net realizable value, recoverable value, fair value, present value, current price, etc.)
- 4 Principles of financial handling for

Asset revaluation difference and exchange rate difference (still reflected on the Balance Sheet - if any).

VI ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE ITEMS PRESENTED ON THE BALANCE SHEET

Total	 Money in transit 	 Cash equivalents 	 Demand bank deposits 	-Cash	1- Money		
1,802,638,455			1,466,481,035	336,157,420	End of quarter		
1,761,233,129	0		1,535,324,148	225,908,981	Beginning of the year	Unit of Calculation: VND	

5- Upfront payment to the sellera) Related partiesb) Other partiesTotal	 Advance receivables for employees; Social insurance; Health insurance; Unemployment insurance; Other receivables. b) Long-term Total 	b) Receivables of long-term customers c) Receivables of customers being related parties 4- Other receivables a) Short-term - Receivables from equitization;	Van Loi Truong Thinh Investment Trading Services Co., Ltd. HD Trading and Service Investment Joint Stock Company Api Agro Co., Ltd. Ninh Binh Fertilizer Company Limited Branch of Lix Binh Duong Detergent Joint Stock Company Vietnam General Confederation of Labour May 10 Trading, Services and Fashion Company Limited Other customer receivables	Vietnam Post Corporation A Chau Trading and Investment Co., Ltd A Chau Trading and Investment Co., Ltd North Central Mining Chemical Industry Company Limited Thai Nguyen Mining Chemical Industry Company Truong Minh General Trading Co., Ltd. GEMACHEM Vietnam Joint Stock Company	2- Financial investments - Investments held to maturity - Invest in other units 3- Customer receivables a) Receivables of short-term customers
End of quarter 2,887,058,333 2,887,058,333	851,813,000 3,016,294 532,287 236,572 4,779,268,355 5,634,866,508	0 End of quarter 5,634,866,508	279,550,825 376,610,363 61,041,800 68,655,000 135,181,728 148,786,000 447,653,800 1,932,623,797	922,462,964 8,752,011,337 35,161,500 75,519,320 263,286,360 387,819,463	End of quarter 15,000,000,000 71,250,000,000 End of quarter Value Rec 13,886,364,257 (15
ם		В	(6,640,975,957)	(8,752,011,337) (387,819,463)	dundancy ,780,806,757)
Beginning of the year 1,644,547,127 1,644,547,127	814,681,000 7,611,904 1,343,277 597,012 4,650,700,732 5,474,933,925	0 0 Beginning of the year 5,474,933,925	282,908,830 386,860,915 66,041,800 337,050,000 70,902,216 0 0 1,694,793,213	1,119,311,245 8,752,011,337 110,349,000 76,979,300 225,885,924 387,819,463	Beginning of the year 16,000,000,000 71,250,000,000 Beginning of the year Value Redun 13,510,913,249 (15,78
			(6,640,975,957)	(8,752,011,337) (387,819,463)	f the year Redundancy (15,780,806,757)

6- Inventory:

End of quarter

Beginning of the year

- Finished products; - Unfinished production and business expenses; - Tools and instruments; - Raw materials and materials; - Goods are on the road; Goods sent for sale; - Goods in tax-suspension warehouses. - Goods: Total Original price 92,804,549 13,801,627,094 13,021,672 21,809,924,536 4,447,764,094 292,197,292 3,162,509,835 Redundancy -5,296,354,783 Original price 21,576,537,289 13,533,785,177 3,401,483,283 4,541,353,970 84,492,299 15,422,561 Redundancy -5,507,159,910

7- Increase and decrease of tangible fixed assets

Item	Houses and architectural	Machinery and	Means of transport and transmission	Instrument Management	Other tangible fixed assets	Total
	ODJects			Eduloment		
Original cost						APPENDING NO STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT
Balance at the beginning of the year	53,016,113,512	64,562,025,966	4,868,036,001	476,514,091	0	122,922,689,570
- Purchase of the year		80,000,000				80,000,000
- Investment in completed capital						
construction						0
- Other Boosts						0
- Transition to investment real estate						0
- Liquidation, sale		954,485,314				954,485,314
- Other reductions						0
End of year balance	53,016,113,512	63,687,540,652	4,868,036,001	476,514,091	0	122,048,204,256
Cumulative wear and tear value						
Balance at the beginning of the year	32,260,622,246	58,854,376,366	3,671,203,774	466,894,306		95,253,096,692
- Depreciation during the year	409,858,230	369,742,890	82,653,702	9,619,785		871,874,607
- Other Boosts						0
- Transition to investment real estate						0
- Liquidation, sale		954,485,314				954,485,314
- Other reductions						0
End of year balance	32,670,480,476	58,269,633,942	3,753,857,476	476,514,091	0	95,170,485,985
Residual value						
- On the first day of the year	20,755,491,266	5,707,649,600	1,196,832,227	9,619,785	0	27,669,592,878
 On the last day of the year 	20,345,633,036	5,417,906,710	1,114,178,525	0	0	26,877,718,271

- The remaining value at the end of the period of tangible fixed assets used for mortgage or pledge to secure loans;
- The historical cost of fixed assets at the end of the year has been fully depreciated but is still in use;
- Historical cost of fixed assets at the end of the year awaiting liquidation;
- Commitments on the purchase and sale of tangible fixed assets of great value in the future;
- Other changes in tangible fixed assets.

8- Increase or decrease in intangible fixed assets:

Item	Land use rights	Release rights	Copyrights, Patents	Other intangible fixed assets	Total
Original cost					
Balance at the beginning of the year				278,323,000	278,323,000
 Purchase of the year 					
- Created from within the business					
- Increase due to business consolidation					
- Other Boosts					
- Liquidation, sale					
- Other reductions			*		4
End of year balance				278,323,000	278,323,000
Cumulative wear and tear value					
Balance at the beginning of the year				278,323,000	278,323,000
- Depreciation during the year					
- Other Boosts					
- Liquidation, sale					
- Other reductions					
End of year balance				278,323,000	278,323,000
Residual value					
- On the first day of the year				0	0.
- On the last day of the year			8	0	0

- The residual value at the end of the period of the intangible fixed assets used for mortgage or pledge to secure the loan;
 Historical cost of intangible fixed assets that have been depreciated but still used;
 Explanation of data and other explanations;

a) Payables to short-term sellers An Ky Hanoi Co., Ltd. Hanoi BS Joint Stock Company Thuan Phat Technology Packaging Joint Stock Company Branch of TICO Joint Stock Company WILMAR MARKETING CLV CO., LTD Pham Phan Joint Stock Company Bach Dang Construction and Chemical Consulting Joint Stock Company DKSH Performance Materials Vietnam company limited Hoa Phat Plastic Production and Tuan Bang Packaging Printing Trading	9- Prepaid expenses a) Short-term b) Long-term Total
Value Value 3,415,035,747 0 192,790,800 91,711,051 892,120,900 651,200,000 107,110,080 183,754,980 63,800,000 72,392,908 22,222,080	End of quarter 0 10,316,588,823 10,316,588,823
End of quarter Number capable of repaying debts ,747 3,415,035,747 0 ,800 ,051 ,900 ,050 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,080 ,980 ,980 ,98	Ве
Beginning Value 1,341,512,460 49,749,950 120,601,980 76,253,281 0 0 0 0 0 0 62,627,541 40,242,720	Beginning of the year 562,216,558 8,999,723,050 9,561,939,608
Beginning of the year Number capable of e repaying debts 512,460 1,341,512,460 749,950 601,980 253,281 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

10	- Other Short-Term Payables (13881)	- Other Short-Term Payables (33881)	 -Must be returned to equitization; - Receiving margin and short-term staking; - Dividends and profits payable; - Other payables and payables. 	- Health insurance; - Unemployment insurance;	 Excess assets pending settlement; Trade union funding; Social insurance; 	14- Other payables a) Short-term	13- Short-term costs	 Environmental protection tax and other taxes Fees, Fees, and Other Payables Total 	 Import and export taxes Corporate Income Tax Personal income tax License tax Property Tax and Land Rent 	a) To be paid - Value Added Tax	12- Taxes and amounts payable to the state	b) Other parties Total	II- Short-term prepaid buyersa) Related parties	d) To be paid to sellers who are related parties	not yet been paid	SOFT Industries Co., Ltd. Other customer receivables b) Accounts payable to long-term sellers c) The amount of overdue debt that has
1																
,	10,838,172	274,473,001	150,000,000	0	33,719,812 0	End of quarter 469,030,985	End of quarter 618,493,649	643,493 -561,101,041	-807,178,014 31,089,923 0	214,343,557	Beginning of the year	1,852,313,109 1,852,313,109	End of quarter	0	0	1,137,932,948 0
l								155,049,081 298,799,858	0 17,027,094 3,000,000	123,723,683	Amount payable in the period					
,	6,800,326	232,699,788	150,000,000	000	80,764,632	Beginning of the year 470,264,746	Beginning of the year 349,652,153	155,049,081 496,430,750	0 23,244,348 3,000,000	315,137,321	Amount actually paid in the period	34,264,109 34,264,109	Beginning of the year	0	0	373,850,950 618,216,038 0
								643,493 -758,731,933	-807,178,014 24,872,669 0	22,929,919	End of quarter					

b) Long-term - Receiving margin and short-term staking;

15- Equity

469,030,985

470,264,746

0

0

a) Comparison table of fluctuations of equity

0	-82.917.867.893	95,572,220,798	99,524,000	129,724,750,000	Balance at the end of this year
<	0	0	0.	0	- Other reductions
0	0	0	0	0	- Other reductions
0	0	0	0	0	- Other reductions
0	0	0	0	0	- Other reductions (plus)
0	0	0.	0	0	- Losses this year
0	0.	0	0	0.	- Capital reduction this year
0	0	0	0	0	- Other Boosts
0	0	0	0,	0	- Other Boosts
0	0	0	0	0	- Other tanks (plus)
-2.061.869.440	-2.061.869.440	0	0	0	- Profit this year
0	-	0	0	0	- Capital increase this year
144,540,496,345	-80,855,998,453	95,572,220,798	99,524,000	129,724,750,000	Balance at the beginning of this year
0	0	0	0	0	- Other reductions
0	0.	0	0	0	- Other reductions
0	0	0	0	0	- Other reductions
0		0	0	0	- Other reductions (plus)
-7,167,415,138	-7,167,415,138	0	0	0	- Loss in the previous year
0	0	0	0	0	- Capital reduction in the previous year
0	0	0	0	0	- Other Boosts
0	0	0	0	0	- Other Boosts
0	0	0	0	0	- Other tanks (plus)
0	0	0	0	0	 Profit in the previous year
0	0	0	0	0	- Capital increase in the previous year
151,707,911,483	-73,688,583,315	95,572,220,798	99,524,000	129,724,750,000	previous year
1.5	11	0	1	+	Balance at the beginning of the
3		8	3	_	A
Total	Undistributed profit after	Development Investment Fund	Equity surplus	Owner's investment capital	

b) Details of the owner's contributed capital

c) Transactions on equity and distribution of dividends and profits
Owner's investment capital
+ Contributed capital at the

the year + Increased capital contribution in beginning of the year

This period

129,724,750,000

0

Last period

129,724,750,000

0

e) Income and expenses, profits or losses shall be recorded directly in the Equity in accordance with specific accounting standards Development Investment Fund
 Financial reserve fund d) Funds of enterprises: - Dividends, profits distributed + Year-end capital contribution + Contributed capital decreased in 129,724,750,000 0 95,572,220,798 0 0 129,724,750,000 0 95,572,220,798

VII- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED ON THE STATEMENT OF RESULTS OF BUSINESS

6- Other income- Liquidation and sale of fixed assets;- Other amounts.Total:	5- Selling expenses and business management expenses Cost of sales Business management expenses Total:	4- Revenue from financial activities- Interest on deposits, loansTotal:	 3- Cost of goods sold - Cost of goods sold - Cost of finished products sold - Other cost prices Total: 	2- Turnover deductions- Sales revenue- Revenue from service provisionTotal:	 1- Total revenue from sales and service provision - Sales revenue - Revenue from service provision - Construction contract revenue Total:
Quarter I this year 202,930,000 11,834,091 214,764,091	Quarter I this year 1,440,618,091 2,984,463,353 4,425,081,444	Quarter I this year 153,939,841 153,939,841	Quarter I this year 335,799,762 4,842,622,221 108,820,131 5,287,242,114	Quarter I this year 7,880,903 0 7,880,903	Quarter I this year 6,963,390,189 472,502,900 0 7,435,893,089
Quarter I last year 0 4,144,500 4,144,500	Quarter I last year 1,057,789,373 2,870,926,047 3,928,715,420	Quarter I last year 262,837,393 262,837,393	Quarter I last year 199,636,283 5,664,932,968 117,021,635 5,981,590,886	Quarter I last year 0 0 0	Quarter I last year 7,826,928,595 484,477,400 0 8,311,405,995

Total:	- Other expenses in cash.	 Expenses for outsourced services; 	 Depreciation expenses of fixed assets; 	- Labor costs;	- Costs of raw materials and materials;	8- Production and business expenses by factors	Total:	- Other amounts.	- Fines;	 Losses due to asset revaluation; 	fixed assets;	expenses for liquidation and sale of	- Residual value of fixed assets and	7- Other expenses
9,239,291,129	1,109,039,551	1,144,161,931	873,401,139	2,235,016,947	3,877,671,561	Quarter I this year	146,262,000	145,937,043	324,957	0	0			Quarter I this year
9,016,769,779	1,038,441,389	1,077,015,851	780,818,926	2,128,826,293	3,991,667,320	Quarter I last year	172,754,865	172,754,865	0	0	0			Quarter I last year

VIII ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

- 1- Non-monetary transactions affecting future cash flow statements
- 2- Amounts of money held by the enterprise but not used: Presenting the value and reason of large amounts of money and cash equivalents held by the enterprise but not used due to legal restrictions or other constraints that the enterprise must implement.
- 3- Actual borrowing amount in the period:
- 4- The amount of loan principal actually paid in the period:

IX OTHER INFORMATION

- 1- Potential debts, commitments, and other financial information:
- 2- Events arising after the end of the accounting period:
- 3- Information about the stakeholders:
- 4- Presentation of assets, revenue, business results by division (by business field or geographical area) in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standard No. 28 "Segment report":
- 5- Comparative information (changes in information in the financial statements of previous accounting years):
- 6- Information about ongoing operations:
- 7- Other information:

In charge of accounting

(Signed, full name)

Le Manh Cuong

Handii: Mare 2025
CONG Director
(Signed full name stamped)

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